## BUMED INSTRUCTION 6240.10A

From: Chief, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery

To: All Ships and Stations

Subi: STANDARDS FOR POTABLE WATER

Ref: (a) 40 CFR Parts 141,142, 143,144 and 146

- (b) OPNAVINST 5090.1B
- (c) NAVMED P-5010, Manual of Naval Preventive Medicine, Chapters 5, 6, and 9
- (d) Overseas Environmental Baseline Guidance Document (OEBGD) of October 1992; NOTAL
- (e) QSTAG 245, Edition 2, American-British-Canadian-Australian Armies Quadripartite Standardization

  Program, Quality Standards for Potable Water (NOTAL)

  (f) STANAG 2136, NATO Standardization Agreement, Minimum Requirements of Water Potability (NOTAL)

  (g) ABC NAVSTAG 22C, American-British-Canadian-Australian Naval Quadripartite Standardization Program Quality Standards for Potable Water (NOTAL)
- 1. <u>Purpose</u>. To provide public health guidance for ensuring the highest quality standards for Navy and Marine Corps drinking water.
- 2. Cancellation. BUMEDINST 6240.10.

## 3. Policy and Agreement.

a. Policy. Based on reference (a), the requirements and responsibilities for protection of the quality of drinking water provided by the Navy and Marine corps in the United States, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Islands are identified in references (b) and (c). Reference (c) provides specific guidance for forces afloat and ground units operating in the field. Overseas Navy and Marine Corps activities shall manage their drinking water under Final Governing Standards (FGSs) as developed by Executive Agents for each country with significant DoD installations. Where FGSs have not been issued, overseas shore activities will comply with reference (d).

## b. International Agreements.

(1) Reference (e) is an agreement between the Armies of

the United States, United Kingdom, Australia, and the Canadian Forces to adopt minimum requirements for potability of drinking water to be issued to troops in combat zones and emergency BUMEDINST 6240.10A

situations. The criteria and requirements are for short and long term field water consumption.

- (2) Reference (f) establishes the minimum standards to be used by the NATO Forces when operating on land, in assessing the potability of water issued to NATO troops for drinking purposes under strict emergency conditions, i.e. when there is no safe supply of water available and water has to be obtained, either direct or through other allied units on a mutual aid basis, from sources which are unknown or imperfectly known.
- (3) Reference (g) standardizes quality requirements for drinking and culinary water as used ashore, and as delivered to ships from watering points ashore or from a water boat, at establishments under the cognizance of the United States Nawy, the Royal Navy, the Canadian Forces and Royal Australian Navy. This Agreement does not include canned water intended for emergency use or supplies intended for short-Verm (1 to 7 days) use under emergency conditions when no other sources are available. In this latter case reference (f) applies
- 4. Responsibilities. Reference (b) provides specific guidance for Commander, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (COMNAVFACENGCOM), Chief, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, major claimants, and commanding officers.
- 5. <u>Technical Assistance</u>. Assistance with potable water problems may be requested from the following:
- a. Naval Environmental Preventive Medicine Units (NAVENPVNTMEDUs)
- b. Preventive medicine departments of naval hospitals and clinics.
- c. Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFACENGCOM) field divisions.

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